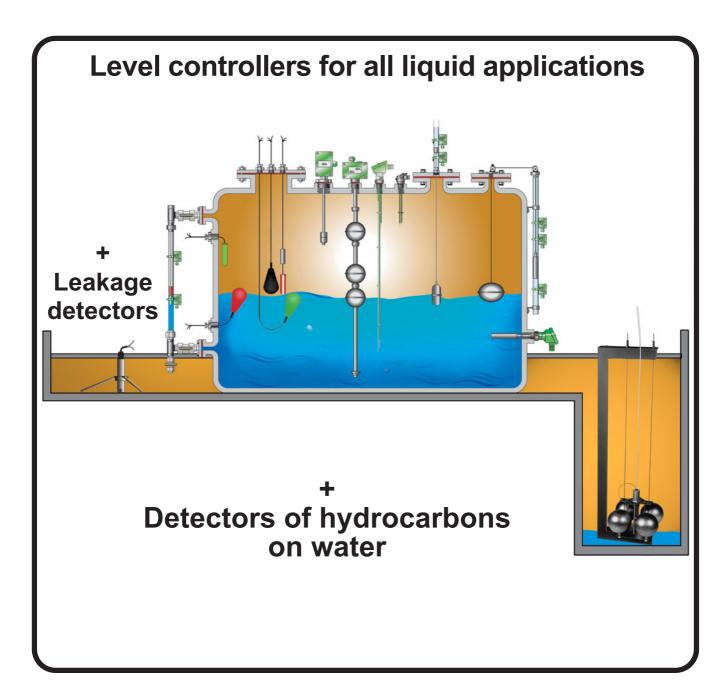


This brochure provides only an overview of our product range. If you would like more information please contact us.

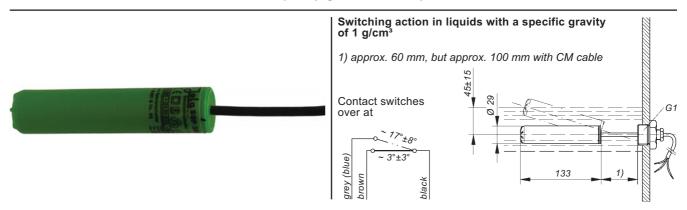


SSP... and SI/SSP/NL/1/K/... Variant 0 @ I M2 / II 2 G Ex ia I / IIB T6 mercury-free floating switches

These floating switches are designed for mounting from the side or from the top.

To ensure a correct switching, the cable must be fixed at the required height using a stuffing gland, for example, in the case of mounting from the side or using a fixing weight or a mounting pipe, for example, in the case of mounting from the top.

These units are not suitable for use in turbulent liquids (e.g. in stirrer tanks).



Technical data	SSP 3/K/ SSP/S3/K/	SSP 1/K/ SSP/S1/K/	SI/SSP/NL 1/K/ Variant 0 & I M2 / II 2 G Ex ia I / IIB T6		
Application Switching voltage Switching current Switching capacity	for standard applications between AC/DC 24 V and AC/DC 250 V between AC 20 mA and AC 3 (1) A or between DC 20 mA and DC 100 mA max. 350 VA	for light current applications between AC/DC 1 V and AC/DC 42 V between AC 0.1 mA and AC 100 (50) mA or between DC 0.1 mA and DC 10 mA max. 4 VA	for use in intrinsically safe circuits in mines susceptible to firedamp or in potentially explosive atmospheres in categories zone 1 or 2; EC type examination certificate INERIS 03ATEX0149		
Operating principle Options for safety appl. Recommended applicat.	ball-operated microswitch, potential-free changeover contact —— diodes (variant 1) or resistors (variant 2) on request via Jola protection relay KR KR 5/Ex (info sheet on request)				
Float material Seal material Float protection class Max. immersion depth of float	PP FPM; on request: EPDM IP 68 max. 10 m head of water at + 20°C				
Connecting cable / applications / admissible temperature range	 black PVC cable, 3 x 0.75 (for SSP ./K/PVC and SI/SSP/NL/1/K/PVC): for water, used water, slightly aggressive liquids, oils without aromatic additives, fuel oil and diesel fuel with a specific gravity ≥ 0.82 g/cm³, in a temperature range from + 8°C to + 60°C grey A05RN-F cable, 3 x 0.75 (for SSP ./K/RN and SI/SSP/NL/1/K/RN): for water, used water and slightly aggressive liquids with a specific gravity ≥ 0.82 g/cm³, in a temperature range from 0°C to + 60°C 				
	- red-brown silicone cable, 3 x 0.75 (low mechanical strength) (for SSP/S./K/SIL and SI/SSP/NL/1/K/SIL): for water and certain other liquids with a specific gravity ≥ 0.82 g/cm³, in a temperature range from 0°C to + 85°C for the types SSP/S./K/SIL and from 0°C to + 60°C for the type SI/SSP/NL/1/K/SIL				
Connecting cable length	for water and certain acids and 0°C to + 85°C for the types SSP	3 x 0.75 (for SSP/S./K/CM and SI/S lyes with a specific gravity ≥ 1 g/cr //S./K/CM and from 0°C to + 60°C for 1 m, other cable lengths on request	m³, in a temperature range from or the type SI/SSP/NL/1/K/CM		
Connecting cable length Optional extras	When ordering, pleas stuffing glands (see be Ø 28 mm x appr	1 m, other cable lengths on request e always state the desired cable lengths and fixing weights ox. 80 mm high, ess steel 316 Ti or PP	length and cable type. stuffing glands and fixing weights made of stainless steel 316 Ti or PP		

Optional extras:

stuffing gland G³/₈, brass stuffing gland G1/2, PP

stuffing gland G¹/2, PP stuffing gland G¹/2, stainless steel 316 Ti stuffing gland G1, PP stuffing gland G1, brass stuffing gland G1, stainless steel 316 Ti

Floating switch mounting only possible from inside the tank

Floating switch mounting possible from outside the tank

Stuffing gland G1





stainless steel

PΡ

SSX... and SI/SSX/LF/4/1/K/TPK Variant 0 @ I M2 / II 1 G Ex ia I / IIC T6 mercury-free floating switches

Potential equalisation cable (only for Ex versions)

SSX ... or SI/SSX/LF/4/1/K/TPK with <u>external</u> fixing weight (optional)

(optimal functioning)

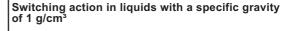
SSX ... or SI/SSX/LF/4/1/K/TPK with <u>internal</u> fixing weight (optional)

(optimal functioning)

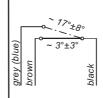
These floating switches are designed for mounting from the side or from the top.

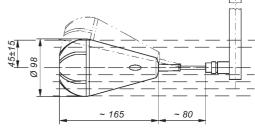
To ensure a correct switching, the cable must be fixed at the required height using a stuffing gland, for example, in the case of mounting from the side or using a fixing weight or a mounting pipe, for example, in the case of mounting from the top.

These units are not suitable for use in turbulent liquids (e.g. in stirrer tanks).



Contact switches over at





Technical data	SSX 3/K/ SSX/S3/K/	SSX 1/K/ SSX/S1/K/	SI/SSX/LF/4/1/K/TPK Variant 0	
Application Switching voltage Switching current Switching capacity	for standard applications between AC/DC 24 V and AC/DC 250 V between AC 20 mA and AC 3 (1) A or between DC 20 mA and DC 100 mA max. 350 VA	for light current applications between AC/DC 1 V and AC/DC 42 V between AC 0.1 mA and AC 100 (50) mA or between DC 0.1 mA and DC 10 mA max. 4 VA	for use in intrinsically safe circuits in mines susceptible to firedamp or in potentially explosive atmospheres in categories zone 0, 1 or 2; EC type examination certificate INERIS 03ATEX0149	
Operating principle Options for safety appl. Recommended applicat.	ball-operated ——	ball-operated microswitch, potential-free changeover contact diodes (variant 1) or resistors (variant 2) on request via Jola protection relay		

Float material Seal material Float protection class Max. immersion depth Connecting cable / applications / admissible

Connecting cable length

Optional extras

temperature range

(info sheet on request)

(info sheet on request) conductive PP

- black TPK cable, 4 G 0.75:

for water, used water, slightly aggressive liquids, with a specific gravity
≥ 0.7 g/cm³,

in a temperature range from

0°C to + 60°C; other cable type (e.g. CM or PŤFE)

on request

FPM; on request: EPDM IP 68

max. 10 m head of water at + 20°C

PΡ

- black PVC cable, 3 x 0.75 (for SSX ./K/PVC): for water, used water, slightly aggressive liquids, oils without aromatic additives, fuel oil and diesel fuel, with a specific gravity ≥ 0.7 g/cm³, in a temperature range from + 8°C to + 60°C

- grey A05RN-F cable, 3 x 0.75 (for SSX ./K/RN): for water, used water and slightly aggressive liquids with a specific gravity ≥ 0.7 g/cm³, in a temperature range from 0°C to + 60°C

- black CM cable, 3 x 0.75 (for SSX/S./K/CM): for water and certain acids and lyes

- white PTFE cable, 3 x 0.75 (for SSX/S./K/PTFE):

suitable for all liquids in which the float material PP and the seal material FPM or EPDM are also resistant, with a specific gravity ≥ 0.8 g/cm³, in a temperature range from 0°C to + 85°C

2 m, other cable lengths on request.

When ordering, please always state the desired cable length and cable type.

external fixing weight made of cast steel,
 Ø 58 mm x 100 mm high: for liquids with a specific gravity ≥ 0.7 g/cm³ (not suitable for the PTFE cable)

- external fixing weight made of stainless steel 316 Ti, Ø 55 mm x approx. 80 mm high:

for liquids with a specific gravity ≥ 0.7 g/cm³ - internal fixing weight (integrated in the float): for liquids with a specific gravity between 0.95 and 1.05 g/cm³

with a specific gravity ≥ 0.8 g/cm³, in a temperature range from 0°C to + 85°C

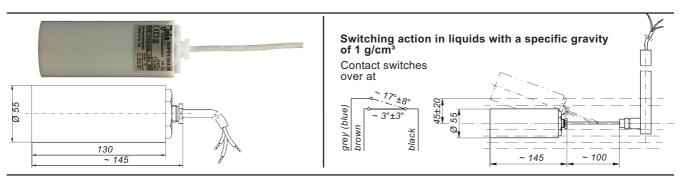
- external fixing weight made of stainless steel 316 Ti, Ø 55 mm x approx. 80 mm high:

for liquids with a specific gravity $\geq 0.7 \text{ g/cm}^3$

SS/PTFE 55/A 3/K and SS/PTFE 55/A 1/K mercury-free floating switches

These floating switches are designed for mounting from the top.

To ensure a correct switching, the cable must be fixed at the required height using for example a fixing weight or a mounting pipe. These units are not suitable for use in turbulent liquids (e.g. in stirrer tanks).



Technical data	SS/PTFE 55/A 3/K	SS/PTFE 55/A 1/K
Application Switching voltage Switching current Switching capacity	for standard applications between AC/DC 24 V and AC/DC 250 V between AC 20 mA and AC 3 (1) A or between DC 20 mA and DC 100 mA max. 350 VA	for light current applications between AC/DC 1 V and AC/DC 42 V between AC 0.1 mA and AC 100 (50) mA or between DC 0.1 mA and DC 10 mA max. 4 VA
Operating principle Options for safety appl. Recommended application		tential-free changeover contact diodes (= variant 1) or resistors (= variant 2) on req. via Jola protection relay KR (info sheet on request)
Float material Seal material Float protection class Temperature range Max. immersion depth of float Application range Connecting cable Connecting cable length	FF IP from 0°C max. 3 m head o in liquids with a speci	FE PM 68 to + 85°C f water at + 20°C fic gravity ≥ 1.0 g/cm³ le, 3 x 0.75 mm² engths on request.
Optional extra		E, Ø 58 mm x 95 mm high

TS/O/... mercury-free immersion probes

These immersion probes consist of a probe tube on which one or several floating switches are mounted and of a terminal box to which the floating switches are connected.

These units are particularly suitable for fuel oil tanks, diesel fuel tanks of diesel-fired emergency power generators and hydraulic oil tanks.

These units are not suitable for use in turbulent liquids (e.g. in stirrer tanks).

Functional description based on a switching example: automatic filling of a tank

The bottom floating switch falls together with the liquid to the minimum level and acts on the contactor when it falls below the horizontal. Liquid is then pumped into the tank. When the maximum level is reached, the top floating switch rises above the horizontal, the contactor holding circuit is interrupted, and the filling process is stopped.

Technical data

Probe tube material Probe tube diameter Probe tube length

Screw-in nipple (on request) Terminal box

Mounting orientation Temperature range

Pressure resistance

Mounted floating switches

Electrical data

TS/O/...

see table below according to customer's specifications

PP

PP, A 307: 120 x 80 x 55 mm, protection class IP 65 vertical

depends on the type of cable used, see page 1 for pressureless applications

only

(exact type designation see page 1, please always state when ordering) see page 1

Type designation	Number of mounted floating switches	Type of mounted floating switches	Probe tube diameter	Screw-in nipple (on request)
TS/O/1 x SSP •••	1		16 mm	G1 ¹ / ₂ or G2
TS/O/2 x SSP •••	2		20 mm	G2
TS/O/3 x SSP •••	3	SSP •••	25 mm	G2
TS/O/4 x SSP •••	4	(to be specified)	25 mm	G2
TS/O/5 x SSP •••	5	` ' ' ' '	25 mm	G2

The above equipment will be manufactured in accordance with customer's specifications.

On request:

- with more than 5 mounted floating switches,
- with adjustable screw-in nipple

When specifying the switching points of the immersion probes, please note that

- when the liquid level rises, the contact of the floating switches is not activated when the floating switches reach the horizontal position, but is activated as shown in the diagram on page 1.
- When the liquid level falls, the contact of the floating switches is activated slightly below the horizontal position.

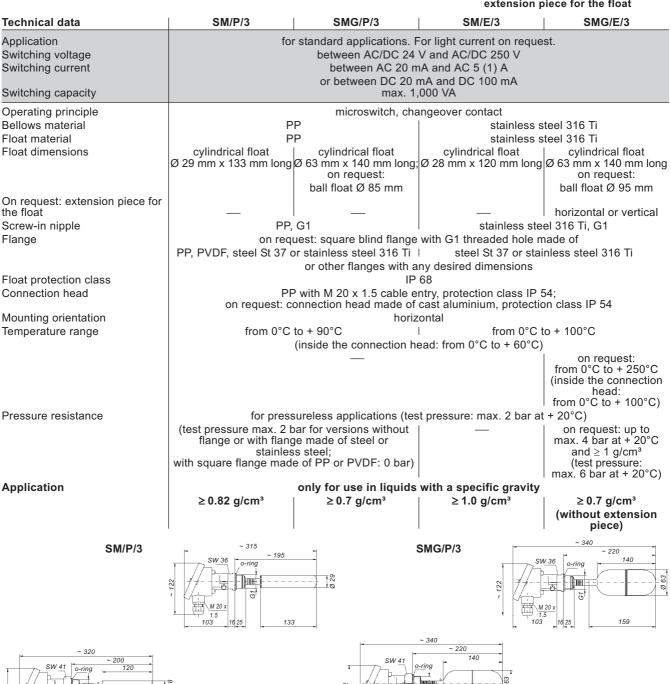
SM... float switches

The rising or falling liquid level causes the float to move slightly up or down. When the float rises, it activates a microswitch (changeover contact).

These units are not suitable for use in turbulent liquids (e.g. in stirrer tanks).

versions also available. Detailed information on request.





1.5

SM/E/3

SMG/E/3

TSR... immersion probes

Magnetically operated liquid level controllers

versions also available. Detailed information on request.

The TSR immersion probes have a probe tube with built-in monostable reed contacts. The float is fitted with a permanent ring magnet and moves freely up and down the probe tube, activating the reed contacts as it rises and falls.

It should be noted that monostable reed contacts do **not** lock but that they switch only for as long as they are influenced by the magnetic field.

Once the float passes beyond a contact upwards or downwards, the latter returns to its original position. However, the contacts can be made to hold by using collars to limit the motion of the float.

For use outside potentially explosive atmospheres, the customer can choose between the models TSR/3/... and TSR/1/...:

Models	TSR/3/	TSR/1/
Application Switching voltage Switching current Switching capacity	for standard applications AC/DC 24 V - 250 V AC 100 mA - 2 A (0.4 A) max. 100 VA	for light current applications AC/DC 1 V - 42 V AC 1 mA - 500 mA max. 20 VA

Technical data	TSR/./ED/E 1	TSR/./ED/E 2	TSR/./ED/E 3	I
Probe tube material	stainless steel 316 Ti			
Probe tube diameter		12 mm		I
Probe tube length		according to custo	omer specifications	
Screw-in nipple		G¹/₂, on request	G1, G1 ¹ / ₂ or G2;	
		on request with reducing nipple made of malleable cast iron R11/2 conical	on request with reducing nipple made of malleable cast iron R2 conical or cast steel G2	on re nippl cast ir
Float	Ø 73 mm (ball)	stainless s Ø 44.5 mm x 52 mm high (mounting through a G/R1½ socket possible)	teel 316 Ti, Ø 52 mm x 85 mm high (mounting through a G/R2 socket possible)	Ø 9 (hea
	Ø 13	Ø 14.5	Ø 52	
Float suitable for use in media with a specific gravity	≥ 0.7 g/cm³	≥ 0.95 g/cm³	≥ 0.7 g/cm³	
Terminal box		· ·	120 x 80 x 55 mm, protection of	lass IP
Mounting orientation		ver	tical	
Admissible temperature range taking into account the probe tube length - max. 2,000 mm - max. 1,500 mm - max. 1,000 mm - max. 750 mm - max. 500 mm - max. 400 mm	from – 20°	°C to + 100°C	from – 20°C on re from – 20°C	quest:
Pressure resistance at + 20°C		r (max. 3 bar for the heat-resist	,. .	
Contacts	ree	ed contacts: make (NO), break	(NC) or changeover (OC) con	tacts
Max. number of contacts Max. number of contacts when the probe tube is fitted with an inner tube		3 —		1 6
Min. distances (based on liquids with a specific gravity of 1 g/cm³): - from the nipple sealing surface to the upper contact - between contacts) mm) mm	80 mm 80 mm	

60 mm

75 mm

- from the lower contact to the end of the probe

tube (when float is falling)



TSR/./EW/E 5	TSR/./P/P	TSR/./P/PG	TSR/./PVDF/D	TSR/./PVDF/W
	P		PV	
	_	on request with metal inner tube to strengthen the plastic probe tube		on request with metal inner tube to strengthen the plastic probe tube
20 mm	14 mm	16 mm	14 mm	16 mm
	max. approx. 1,000 mm taking into	max. approx. 2,000 mm	er specifications, but max. approx. 1,000 mm in the tank and possible liquid t	max. approx. 2,000 mm urbulence
G1, on request G1¹/₂ or G2; n request with reducing pple made of malleable t iron R1¹/₂ or R2 conical or cast steel G2		G1, on re	equest G2	
	Р	P.	l PV	DF.
Ø 97 mm (ball) or Ø 97 mm x 80 mm high heat-resistant version)	Ø 53 mm x 50 mm high (mounting through a G2 socket possible)	Ø 90 mm x 60 mm high	Ø 53 mm x 50 mm high (mounting through a G2 socket possible)	Ø 90 mm x 60 mm high
0 97	Ø 16 Ø 53	Ø 90	Ø 16 Ø 53	Ø 90
≥ 0.7 g/cm³	≥ 0.8 g/cm³	≥ 0.8 g/cm³	≥ 1 g/cm³	≥ 1 g/cm³

65, with max. 12 terminals; other terminal boxes on request; with connecting cable on request

IP 65, with max. 12 terminates	nals; other terminal boxes on	request; with connecting cable	e on request		
	vertical				
100°C; t: - 130°C	from 0°C from 0°C	from 0°C to + 35°C from 0°C to + 40°C to + 50°C to + 60°C to + 75°C to + 80°C	from 0° from 0°	from 0°C to + 40°C from 0°C to + 45°C C to + 55°C C to + 70°C C to + 80°C C to + 80°C	
request		max.	2 bar		
	reed	d contacts: make (NO), break ((NC) or changeover (OC) co	ontacts	
6, more on request	3	6	3	6	
		3		3	
90 mm 80 mm	80 mm 80 mm	80 mm 80 mm		80 mm 80 mm	
75 mm	60 mm	55 mm	7	'5 mm	

HMW/3/.. and HMW/1/.. magnetic switches

These magnetic switches are accommodated in a housing which can be fastened to a pipe by means of a pipe clip which is attached to the housing. The housing contains a connection terminal and a microswitch; a magnet is fixed to the lever of the latter. When the magnetic switch is installed and the magnet on the microswitch lever is activated by a magnet moving up and down in the pipe, this changes the position of the microswitch lever and an electrical circuit is created.

The magnetic switches have so-called bistable characteristics; i.e. they remain in the switching status caused by the influence of the passing magnet and only switch over when the magnet passes by in the opposite direction.

These units are not suitable for use on vibrating machines or on tanks exposed to the risk of shock or vibration.

Technical data	HMW/3/	HMW/1/		
Function	changeov	er contact		
Characteristic	bist	able		
Application	for standard applications	for light current applications		
Switching voltage	between AC/DC 24 V and AC/DC 250 V	between AC/DC 1 V and AC/DC 42 V		
Switching current	between AC 20 mA and AC 3 (1) A or between DC 20 mA and DC 100 mA	between AC 0.1 mA and AC 100 (50) mA or between DC 0.1 mA and DC 10 mA		
Switching capacity	max. 500 VA / 10 W	max. 4 VA / 0.4 W		
Housing	PP, approx. 65	5 x 50 x 35 mm		
Protection class	IP 65			
Pipe clip material and pipe clip diameter (suffix to type designation)	28 = with stainless steel pipe clip for tube with outer Ø of 28 m 32 = with PP pipe clip, on request stainless steel pipe clip, for tube with outer Ø of 30 to 32 mm 40 = with stainless steel pipe clip for tube with outer Ø of 35 to 40 60 = with stainless steel pipe clip for tube with outer Ø of 50 to 70			
Mounting orientation	vertical (cable entry n	nust point downwards)		
Temperature range	from + 1°C	c to + 60°C		



HMW/1/32 magnetic switch, attached to a transparent tube made of PVC containing a float made of PP

wersions also available. Detailed information on request.

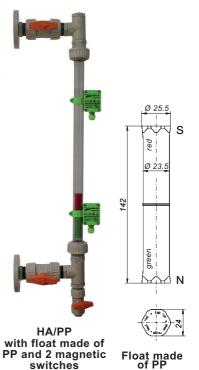
HA/... level indicators

The HA/... level indicators allow direct read-off of a liquid level based on the system of communicating tubes in the sightglass of the unit.

The unit is fitted with 3 taps (2 taps to separate the unit from the tank, 1 tap for discharge of

The HMW/3/32 and HMW/1/32 magnetic switches can be attached to the sightglas of the HA/... level indicator. In this case, a float made of PP with a built-in magnet must be inserted in the tube.

Technical data	HA/E 32	HA/PP
Tap material	stainless steel 316 Ti	PP
Sightglass material	Duran glass; on requ	est: transparent PVC
Dimensions of connecting flanges	DN 32 PN 6 or DN 32 PN 10/16, other dimension	DN 32 PN 6,
Centre distance	as required, max. 1,500 mm, longer on request	
Outer diameter of sightglass	32 ı	mm
Discharge tap	3/1	" B
Mounting orientation	vert	ical
Temperature range	from + 1°C to + 60°C, other temperature ranges on request	
Pressure resistance	for pressureles	ss applications



NVM/PP/. level controllers

Magnetically operated liquid level controllers

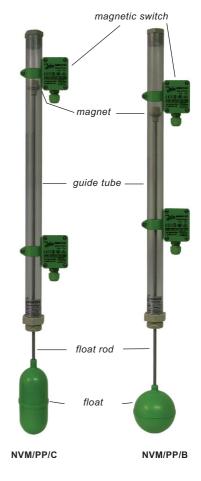
These level controllers are fitted with a float, a float rod, a guide tube made of transparent PVC and a magnet.

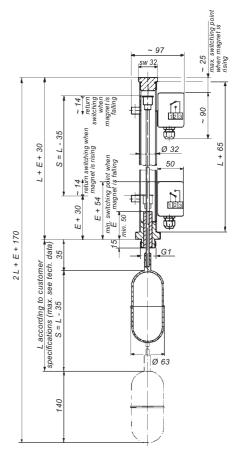
The float follows the level of the liquid and moves the float rod of the unit up or down. Above the nipple the guide tube is attached for the float rod and the magnet. Adjustable HMW/./32 magnetic switches are mounted on the outside of the tube.

These magnetic switches have a so-called bistable characteristic; i.e. they remain in the switching status caused by the influence of the passing magnet and only switch over when the magnet passes by in the opposite direction.

These units are not suitable for use on vibrating machines or on tanks exposed to the risk of shock or vibration.

Technical data	NVM/PP/C	NVM/PP/B
Float material	Р	P
Float dimensions	Ø 63 mm x 140 mm high	Ø 85 mm (ball)
Float rod diameter	6 n	nm
Float rod material	stainless steel 3	16 Ti or titanium
Float rod length	as req measured from the n and without floa	ipple sealing surface
Max. length of the float rod for liquids with a specific gravity of 1 g/cm³ (dimension L) – stainless steel 316 Ti rod – titanium rod	700 mm 1,200 mm max. lengths for oth on rec	
Magnet capsule material	P	P
Screw-in nipple material	PP, on request: sta	inless steel 316 Ti
Screw-in nipple dimensions	G	1
Option: installation flange for mounting of the unit from outside the tank	square flange made of PP, PVDF, steel or stainless steel	flange DN 100 or bigger made of any material
Float rod guiding piece material	POM; PTFE	on request
Guide tube material	transpar	ent PVC
Guide tube dimensions	Ø 32 mm other lengths	x L + 65, s on request
Mounted magnetic switches	HMW/3/32 o	r HMW/1/32
Max. number of magnetic switches	as required and guide tub	
Mounting orientation	vert	ical
Temperature range	from + 1°C	to + 60°C
Pressure resistance	for pressureless	applications only
Option	chemical protecti - shrinkdown tubir covering th - transition piece m rod and - guiding piece made of PTFE i	ng made of PVDF e float rod, ade of PP between d float, for the float rod





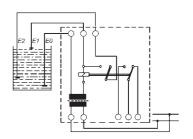
Controllers for conductive liquids

Operating principle

These controllers are used for the automatic control of pumps or solenoid valves as well as for overflow or run-dry protection in wells or tanks with electrically conductive liquids. The liquid levels are monitored by electrodes which give switching commands to the electronic relay depending on contact with the liquid.

For two-point control, two control electrodes and one earth electrode are required. Signalling of one liquid level requires one control electrode and one earth electrode. A metallic, conductive tank wall can be used as an earth connection in place of the earth electrode. **However, we recommend the use of a separate earth electrode**.

(a) versions also available. Detailed information on request.



Circuit diagram:
E0 = earth electrode,
E1 and E2 = control electrodes

Suspension electrodes

Technical data	EH	EHK	LWZ	EHE		
Design		electrode or electrode		ectrode and		
Electrode rod(s)		stainless s	steel 316 Ti			
Housing	PP	PP	PP and Duroplast	stainless steel 316 Ti		- 1
	Ø 27 mm x ~ 145 mm long	Ø 27 mm x ~ 145 mm long	2 x Ø 27 mm x ~ 210 mm long	Ø 28 mm x ~ 70 mm long		- 1
Insulators		PP and cast resir	1	PTFE and cast resin	MAIN MAIN MAIN MAIN MAIN MAIN MAIN MAIN	platter manual manual
Electrical connection	connection terminal	1 x 1.5	electrode cable 2 x 0.75	2 x 0.75		
Mounting orientation Temperature range		ver	m, longer on requ tical C to + 60°C	est		
Pressure resistance		for pressurele	ss applications		EH	EHI



Rod electrodes

with G1/2 screw-in nipple made of metal

Technical data	SE 1 A	1/2"-15-30	
Design	1 control electrode or 1 earth electrode		
Electrode rod	stainless steel 316 Ti, Ø 4 mm, covered with polyolefin shrinkdown tubing		
Length	as required (measured from	om nipple sealing surface)	
Min. length		1 30 mm ′	
Max. length	approx. 2,500 mm		
Insulators	cast resin and	l aluminium oxide and	
	polyolefin shri	nkdown tubing	
Screw-in nipple	stainless steel 316 Ti, G ¹ / ₂	galvanized steel, G ¹ / ₂	
Electrical connection	special angled plug for H07RN-F	1 x 1 mm ² , protection class IP 34	
Mounting orientation	vertical		
Temperature range	from + 1°C to + 80°C	from + 1°C to + 80°C	
Pressure resistance	max. 10 bar at + 20°C	max. 15 bar at + 20°C	



Rod electrodes

with G1 screw-in nipple made of stainless steel 316 Ti

Technical data	S 2 A	S 2 AM	S 3 AM	S 4 AM	S 5 AM
Design	2 control electrodes	1 control electrode and 1 earth electrode	2 control electrodes and 1 earth electrode	3 control electrodes and 1 earth electrode	4 control electrodes and 1 earth electrode
Electrode rods	stainless steel 316 Ti, Ø 4 mm, covered with polyolefin shrinkdown tub			down tubing	
Lengths		as required (measured from nipple sealing surface)			
Max. lengths	approx. 2,500 mm polyolefin shrinkdown tubing and cast resin stainless steel 316 Ti, G1				
Insulators					
Screw-in nipple					
Electrical connection	PP connection head with M 20 x 1.5 cable entry, protection class IP 54; on request: aluminium connection head, protection class IP 54				
Mounting orientation			vertical		
Temperature range		fre	om + 1°C to + 80	°C	
Pressure resistance		ma	ax. 10 bar at + 20)°C	



NR 3 and NR 5/G electrode relays

for level control or for signalling a limit level

Electrode relay for U-bar mounting, with connection terminals on top of housing and with 2 built-in LEDs for signalling the switching status.

Electrode relay in surface-mount housing, with transparent cover and with 2 build-in LEDs (inside the housing) for signalling the switching status.



This unit is designed for switch cabinet mounting or installation in a suitable protective housing and may therefore only be mounted/installed in these locations. It is suitable for use in clean environments only.

EMC

NR 5/G CE CONTROL OF			
NR 5/G			
AC versions: terminals 1 and 2; DC versions: terminal 1: –,			

Technical data	NR 3	NR 5/G	
Alternative supply voltages	AC versions: terminals 10 and 12; DC versions: terminal 10: –, terminal 12: +	AC versions: terminals 1 and 2; DC versions: terminal 1: -, terminal 2: +	
	 AC 230 V (supplied if no other supply voltage is specified in the order) or AC 240 V or AC 115 V or AC 24 V or DC 24 V or DC 12 V or to the safety regulations relating to the application further supply voltages on request 		
Power input	approx	c. 3 VA	
Electrode circuit	terminals 4, 5, 6	terminals 6, 7, 8	
	under SELV (safety extra low voltage)	acting on 1 output relay with self-hold	
 no-load voltage 	9 V _{eff} - ☐ 10 Hz SELV (safety extra low voltage)	
- short-circuit current	max. 0	.5 mA _{eff}	
 response sensitivity 	approx. 30 kΩ or approx. 3	3 μS (electric conductance)	
Controlled circuit	terminals 7, 8, 9,	terminals 3, 4, 5,	
	1 single-pole potential-free changeover contact based on the quiescent currer principle		
Switching status indicators	1 green LED, lights when output relay is energized 1 red LED, lights when output relay is not energized		
Switching voltage	max. AC 250 V		
Switching current	max. AC 4 A		
Switching capacity	max. 500 VA		
Housing	insulating material, 75 x 22.5 x 100 mm	insulating material, 130 x 94 x 57 mm, with 3 cable entries M 20 x 1.5	
Connection	terminals on top of housing	internal terminals	
Protection class	IP 20	IP 54	
Mounting	clip attachment for U-bar to DIN 46 277 and EN 50 022	surface mounting using 4 screws	
Temperature range	from – 20°C to + 60°C		
Mounting orientation	any		
Max. cable length between electrode relay and electrode(s)	1,000 m		

for interference emission in accordance with the appliance-specific requirements for households, business and commerce as well as small companies, and for interference immunity in accordance with the appliance-specific requirements for

industrial companies.

For the detection of conductive liquids (e.g. water, ...):

Plate electrodes and cable electrodes

For signalling the presence of a conductive liquid caused, for example, by a burst pipe.

Plate and cable electrodes can, for example, be used on normally dry floors or false ceilings or in normally dry pipeline and cable ducts.

Cable electrodes can also be used alongside pipes or in double-pipe systems.

If the two electrode plates of a plate electrode or the two sensor cables of a cable electrode come into contact with a conductive liquid (e.g. water, acid etc.), an electrical contact is made and an alarm signal given.

Leakage detectors for conductive and non-conductive liquids also available. See page 14.

(a) versions also available. Detailed information on request.

PE, PE-Z10, PEK and PEK-Z10 plate electrodes

These leakage detectors are also available in versions for direct connection to a PLC, a small-scale control system, a DDC controller or a field bus coupling element. Detailed information on request.



PE or PE-Z10, sensor side



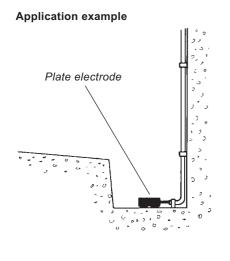
PE-Z10, connection side

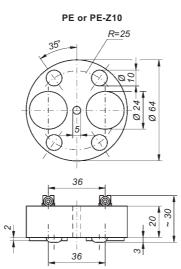


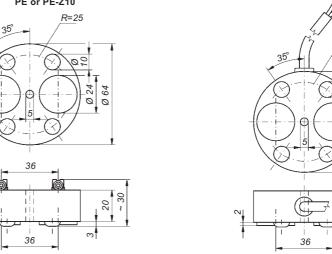
PEK-Z10

R = 25

PEK or PEK-Z10







Technical data PΕ **PE-Z10 PEK** PEK-Z10

Design

Electrode plate material

Housing

Electrical connection

Temperature range Cable break monitoring

Max. length of connecting cable between last electrode and electrode relay

1 control electrode and 1 earth electrode stainless steel 316 Ti

PP and cast resin

screw-type / crimp connection

connecting cable 2 x 0.75, length 2 m, longer cable on request; halogen-free connecting cable on request

from - 20°C to + 60°C, higher temperatures on request with without without with integrated Z10 cable break monitoring unit

The PE and PEK plate electrodes may only be connected to the Leckstar 5 electrode relay.

Only one PE-Z10 or one PEK-Z10 plate electrode or a plate electrode combination consisting of one or more PE + one PE-Z10 or consisting of one or more PE + one PEK-Z10 may be connected to the Leckstar 101 electrode relay. The connection must be made as shown in the circuit diagrams on page 13.

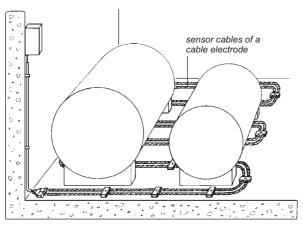
KE and KE-Z10 cable electrodes

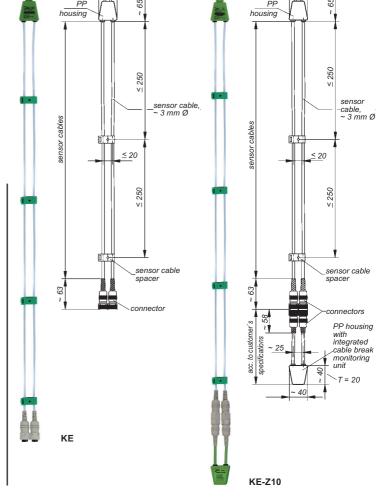
cable

These leakage detectors are also available in versions for direct connection to a PLC, a small-scale control system, a DDC controller or a field bus coupling element.

Detailed information on request.

Application example





cable

Technical data KE KE-Z10

Design

Sensor cables

Max. length of sensor cables when laid in a relatively straight line

Supplied mounting accessories Electrical connection

Temperature range

Cable break monitoring

Max. length of connecting cable between cable electrode and electrode relay

1 control electrode and 1 earth electrode

2 ropes made of stainless steel 316 or 316 Ti, each 3 mm in dia., each covered by a halogen-free protective polyester sheath; length: 2 m each, longer on request

100 m;

if the sensor cables are wound round a pipe or tank, the possible lengths may be considerably shorter depending on the type and method of laying.

4 sensor cable spacers made of PP per metre of sensor cable

connecting cable 2 x 0.75, length: 2 m; longer cable on request; halogen-free connecting cable on request

from -20°C to +60°C

with

without

integrated Z10 cable break monitoring unit to monitor the connecting cable and the sensor cables

1,000 m minus the length of the sensor cable pair

Notice for the mounting of the cable electrode

The 2 sensor cables of the cable electrode must be mounted parallel to one another at a distance of approx. 2 cm using the sensor cable spacers, as a greater or lesser spacing affects the response level of the system in the event of leakage.

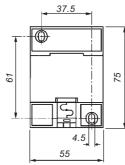
The KE cable electrode may only be connected to the Leckstar 5 electrode relay.

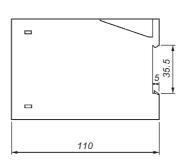
The KE-Z10 cable electrode may only be connected to the Leckstar 101 electrode relay.

Leckstar 5 and Leckstar 101 electrode relays

Electrode relays for U-bar mounting, with connection terminals on top of housing, with switchable self-hold function and with builtin LED(s) for signalling the operating status.







The units are designed for switch cabinet mounting or installation in a suitable protective housing and may therefore only be mounted/installed in these locations. They are suitable for use in clean environments only.



Self-hold:

- If the switch for self-hold is switched on, an alarm is stored. The relay continues to signal the alarm even if the cause of the alarm (e.g. the presence of water or a cable break) is of the switch for self-hold.

 The alarm is acknowledged by switching off the switch for self-hold.
- If the switch for self-hold is not switched on, the alarm is not maintained when the cause of the alarm has been remedied.

Technical data Leckstar 5 Leckstar 101 AC 230 V supplied if no other supply voltage is specified in the order) or Alternative supply voltages AC 240 V orAC 115 V or (AC versions: terminals 15 and 16; DC versions: - terminal 15: -- terminal 16: +) AC 24 V or 24 V or \ only for connection to a safety low voltage which corresponds 12 V or \ to the safety regulations relating to the application - DC - DC - further supply voltages on request Power input approx. 3 VA Electrode circuit (terminals 7 and 8) 2 terminals under SELV (safety extra low voltage) acting on 1 output relay with switchable self-hold - no-load voltage 18 V_{eff} ¬ 10 Hz SELV (safety extra low voltage) short-circuit current max. 0.5 mA_{eff} response sensitivity approx. 30 kΩ or approx. 33 μS (electric conductance) via Zener diode (Z10) circuit at the end Cable break monitoring of the sensor line (incorporated in the PE-Z10, PEK-Z10 or KE-Z10 electrode) Controlled circuit (terminals 9, 10 and 11) 1 single-pole potential-free changeover contact based on the quiescent current principle yellow LED flashing: Switching status indicators red LED permanently lit: cable break, output relay not energized leakage alarm, ouput relay not energized green LED permanently lit: OK status, output relay energized – red LED permanently lit: leakage alarm, output relay not energized Switching voltage max. AC 250 V Switching current max. AC 4 A Switching capacity max. 500 VA Housing insulating material, 75 x 55 x 110 mm Connection terminals on top of housing Protection class IP 20 clip attachment for U-bar to DIN 46 277 and EN 50 022 Mounting

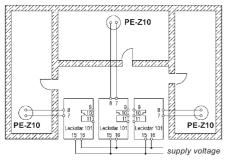
1,000 m

from -20°C to +60°C

anv

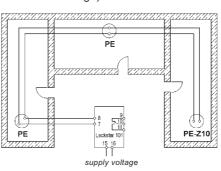
for interference emission in accordance with the appliance-specific requirements for households, business and commerce as well as small companies, and for interference immunity in accordance with the appliance-specific requirements for industrial companies.

Leckstar 101 circuit diagrams (position of contacts when Leckstar 101 without voltage)



Max. length of connecting cable between electrode relay and Z10 cable break

> Connection of several plate electrodes to several Leckstar 101 electrode relays separate alarms



Connection of several plate electrodes to one Leckstar 101 electrode relay group alarm

Temperature range Mounting orientation

monitoring unit

EMC

For the detection of <u>conductive</u> (e.g. water, ...) <u>and</u> <u>non-conductive</u> liquids (e.g. oils, ...):

COW/L and OWE 2/C sensors

(a) versions also available.

Detailed information on request.

COW/L and OWE 2/C sensors permit to detect all organic and inorganic liquids with a specific dielectric constant between 1.8 and 109, for instance the presence of fuel oil on the floor of a tank room or in a collection tub located underneath a fuel oil burner. They should only be used in normally dry surroundings.

A COW/L or OWE 2/C sensor is designed for connection to a Leckmaster 101 relay.

The COW/L and OWE 2/C sensors can be mounted either upright on the floor (using a JOLA stand) or freely suspended by their cable above the floor.

Technical data	COW/L	OWE 2/C	
Housing	stainless steel 316 Ti and PTFE, Ø 28 mm x approx. 145 mm high	PP and cast resin, 74 mm x 46 mm x 76 mm high	COWIL
Connecting cable Functional principle	oil-resistant PVC cable 2 x 0.75 mm² capacitive sensor with stainless steel	delight for my longer cable on request capacitive sensor with gold-plated capacitor plates on epoxy resin backing material	
Self-capacitance Self-inductance	Ceq = 80 nF + 0.2 nF per	metre of connecting cable tre of connecting cable	
Protection class for the electronics sealed in the	ln.	0.5	COW/L
housing Temperature range Response height from bottom		65 C to + 60°C	COW/L
edge of housing Mounting accessory		e dielectric constant of the liquid) inless steel 316 Ti	\perp I
Max. length of connecting cable between sensor and relay EMC	for interference emission in accordance we households, business and commerce	ger on request ith the appliance-specific requirements for a as well as small companies, and for h the appliance-specific requirements for	COME 2/C C US 2/C Tando - 2/C/C - 4/6/C Particular continuous on a continuo
	industrial o	companies.	OWE 2/C

Leckmaster 101 relay

EMC

With cable break monitoring and switchable self-hold, for connection of a COW/L or OWE 2/C sensor.

see above

Switching unit for U-bar mounting, with connection terminals on top of housing, with switchable self-hold function and with built-in LEDs for signalling the operating status.

This unit is designed for switch cabinet mounting or installation in a suitable protective housing and may therefore only be mounted/installed in these locations. It is suitable for use in clean environments only.

Self-hold: If the switch for self-hold is switched on, an alarm is stored. The relay continues to signal the alarm even if the cause of alarm (e.g. the presence of oil) is no longer present. The alarm is reset by switching off the switch for self-hold. If the switch for self-hold is not switched on, the alarm is not maintained when the cause of the alarm has been remedied.

If the switch for self-hold is not switched on, the alarm is not maintained when the cause of the alarm has been remedied.				
	Technical data	Leckmaster 101		
	Alternative supply voltages (AC versions: terminals 15 and 16; DC versions: - terminal 15: -, - terminal 16: +)	 AC 230 V (supplied if no other supply voltage is specified in the order) or AC 240 V or AC 115 V or AC 24 V or DC 24 V or only for connection to a safety low voltage which corresponds DC 12 V or to the safety regulations relating to the application further supply voltages on request 		
	Power input Control circuit (terminals 6 and 8)	approx. 3 VA 2 terminals under SELV (safety extra low voltage),		
		acting on 1 output relay with switchable self-hold		
	Sensor connection (in line with EN 50 227):	Tetinopton General Control of the Co		
	 no-load voltage 	DC 8.4 V SELV (safety extra low voltage)		
	 short-circuit current 	< 10 mA		
	 response sensitivity 	1.5 mA 1.8 mA		
	Cable break monitoring	I < 0.15 mA		
	Controlled circuit (term. 9, 10, 11)	1 single-pole potential-free changeover contact based on the quiescent current principle		
	Switching status indicators	- flashing yellow LED: cable break, output relay not energised, - permanent green LED: OK status, output relay energised, - permanent red LED: leakage alarm, output relay not energised,		
	Switching voltage	max. AC 250 V		
	Switching current	max. AC 4 A		
	Switching capacity	max. 500 VA		
	Housing	insulating material, 75 x 55 x 110 mm		
	Connection	terminals on top of housing		
	Protection class	IP 20		
	Mounting Temperature range	clip attachment for U-bar to DIN 46 277 and EN 50 022 from – 20°C to + 60°C		
	Mounting orientation	any		
	Max. connecting cable length	any		
	between sensor and relay	1,000 m, longer on request		
	EMO			

Floating electrodes

For detection of a thin layer of non-conductive liquids with a lower specific gravity on top of conductive liquids with a higher specific gravity, e.g. oil on water.

versions also available. Detailed information on request.

Design

The SCHE ... floating electrodes are made up of an upper section and a lower section. The upper section consists of an electrode holder and a rod electrode (whose position can be adjusted in the electrode holder) with one control electrode and one earth electrode for alarm signalling. The lower section of the floating electrode is made up of four floats and a stabilising plate.

Mode of operation and adjustment

The SCHE ... floating electrode normally floats on a conductive liquid, such as water. It is connected to an electrode relay which supplies it with a low safety voltage. The height of the rod electrode is set in such a way that the two electrode rod tips are permanently underwater. Depending on the movement of the surface of the liquid, the rod electrode should be set further up or down. Although the two electrode rod tips should be permanently underwater, they should only just be underwater, so that when a conductive liquid (water in our example) is overlaid by a non-conductive liquid (such as oil), a thin layer of the non-conductive liquid (oil) is sufficient to lift the electrode rod tips of the rod electrode from the conductive water layer into the non-conductive oil layer, to thus interrupt the current flowing from the electrode relay via the rod electrode, and therefore to activate an alarm.



If, for example, oil flows onto a still water surface following a leak, exact setting of the rod electrode will ensure that an oil layer of only approx. 3 to 10 mm thickness is sufficient to interrupt the control current flowing via the rod electrode and activate an alarm.

To ensure functionning of the SCHE ... floating electrode, there must be a minimum liquid level of 80 mm to 130 mm (depending on model) above the floor. If this condition is not fulfilled, the two electrode rod tips will no longer be underwater – in other words, they will not be electrically bridged by a conductive liquid. This will lead to normally undesired alarm activation via the connected electrode relay. The only model with an alarm bridging contact for this eventuality is the SCHE 2/E (Variant ILS).

The SCHE ... floating electrodes are designed for connection to the electrode relay ESA 2.

SCHE ... floating electrodes

Technical data	SCHE 2/T/GR	SCHE 2/E	SCHE 2/E (Variant ILS)	
Design	1 cc	1 control electrode and 1 earth electrode		
Electrode rods	stainless steel 316 Ti, Ø 4 mm, coated with shrinkdown tubing made of			
	polyolefine		'DF	
Electrode head	PP PP		teel 316 Ti	
Connection	oil-resistant PVC cable,	PTFE		
		n electrode head; other cable on		
Length of connecting cable	2 m	; longer connecting cable on requ	uest	
Material of electrode holder,				
stabiliser plate and brackets	PVC	stainless steel 316 Ti	or other stainless steel	
No. of floats, float material and		4.61		
float dimensions		4 floats made of		
	PP	stainless steel 316 Ti	stainless steel 316 Ti	
	approx. 85 mm Ø	approx. 95 mm Ø	approx. 130 mm Ø	
Alarm bridging contact			magnetically activated reed contact	
Temperature range	from + 8°C to + 60°C	from – 20°C to + 90°C		
Max. length of connecting				
cable between relay and				
SCHE		1,000 m		

ESA 2 relay

All other technical data

Technical data	ESA 2		
Alternative supply voltages Electrode circuit (terminals 7 and 8)	see relays Leckstar on page 13 2 terminals with SELV (safety extra low voltage), acting on 2 relays without self-hold, where one can be reset if an alarm is activated		
 no-load voltage Controlled circuits (terminals 12, 13 - 	9 V _{eff}		
relay 1, terminals 9, 10 - relay 2)	2 potential-free normally closed contacts based on the quiescent current principle, both activated in standby status. One of the two normally closed contacts (terminals 12, 13 - relay 1) can be reset in the event of alarm. The other normally closed contact (terminals 9, 10 - relay 2) retains its switching status as long as the alarm is given.	Alarmias as a salarm san salarm san	
Acknowledgement	relay 1 (terminals 12, 13) can be reset via a built-in button or an external acknowledgement button (connection option at terminals 4 and 5)	gran banel policy and	
Switching status indicator	via two-colour LED: – LED lights permanently green: OK status, output relays energized, – LED flashes red: leakage alarm, output relays not energized, – LED lights permanently red: output relay 1 energized,	Control of the same of the sam	

see relays Leckstar ... on page 13

output relay 2 not energized